1	2	3	4
4	Dakshin Dinajpur	736	0
5	Darjeeiiing	0	0
6	East Midnapur	3484	2117
7	Malda	60	279
S	Murshidabad	469	0
9	Uttar Dinajpur	185	0
10	Bankura	2096	0
11	West Midnapur (except Kharagpur block)	16058	19167
12	Purulia	3972	3407
13	West Midnapur (only Kharagpur I & II block)	3168	87
	Total :	31333	25596

Improvement in Power situation

399. SHRI N.R. GOVINDARAJAR: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that it only 3,453 MW capacity was added in 2008-09 against the target of 11,061 MW according to the latest report by Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy (CMIE);

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether business across the country lost, an estimated Rs.43,000 crores due to supply disruption and power cuts, both scheduled and un-scheduled, as well as voltage fluctuations according to a separate study by Manufacturesu Association for Information Technology (MAIT) and Emerson Network Power (India); and

(d) if so, the details thereof and the steps taken by Government to improve the power situation in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI BHARATSINH SOLANKI) : (a) and (b) The capacity addition target during 2008-09 was 1 1061 MW, which was revised in September, 2008 to 7530 MW subsequent to change in the definition of commissioning of power projects. Capacity addition achieved during 2008-09 was 3454 MW. The details are given below:

(in MW)

Sector	Hydro		Thermal		Nuclear		Total	
	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual
Central	0	0	1750	750	660	0	2410	750
State	1097	969	1262	852	0	0	2359	1821
Private	0	0	2761	883	0	0	2761	883
TOTAL	1097	969	5773	2485	660	0	7530	3454

(c) Ministry of Power has not received any report of any such study by Manufacturersu Association for Information Technology(MAIT) and Emerson Network Power (India).

(d) The Government is already taking steps to improve the power situation in the country, which include the following:

- Rigorous monitoring of capacity addition of on-going generation projects.
- Development of Ultra Mega Power Projects of 4,000 MW each under competitive bidding.
- Harnessing surplus captive power into grid.
- Renovation, modernization and life extension of old and inefficient generation units.
- Import of coal to meet the deficit in supply of indigenous coal,
- Steps necessary to augment manufacturing capacity in the country.
- Augmentation of gas suppiy to utilize the stranded capacity of gas based power stations.
- Reduction of AT&C losses through implementation of various measures under R-APDRP scheme.

Power Theft

†400.SHRI PRABHAT JHA:
SHRI BALAVANT *ALIAS* BAL APTE:
Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is of the opinion that power theft causes heavy losses to Government exchequer;

(b) if so, the details of losses to the exchequer during last five years, due to power theft;

(c) the reasons for Governmentus failure in checking power theft in country; and

(d) whether in order to curb power theft at rural level in country, Government proposes to constitute women squad on the lines of Himachal Pradesh, Karnataka and Uttarakhand?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI BHARATSINH SOLANKI) : (a) and (b) Yes, Sir, power theft causes loss to State Government exchequer as State Government is responsible for the distribution sector and losses are primarily in the distribution segment. Theft of electricity is one of the major contributing factors impacting the fmancial health of power utilities. This also contributes to poor quality of power supply, frequent load shedding and unscheduled outages.